

Easy aboveground wood frame burrow

How to construct an economical burrow.

Materials

I sheet 4' x 8' 23/32 plywood (not particle board)

2 boards 2" x 10" x 8' Douglas fir or similar

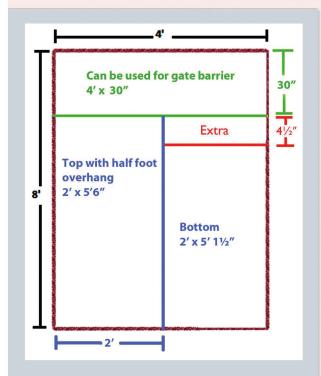
I box (50) 3" wood screws

4-mil continuous plastic sheeting (minimum width 3')

6 half-height cinder blocks

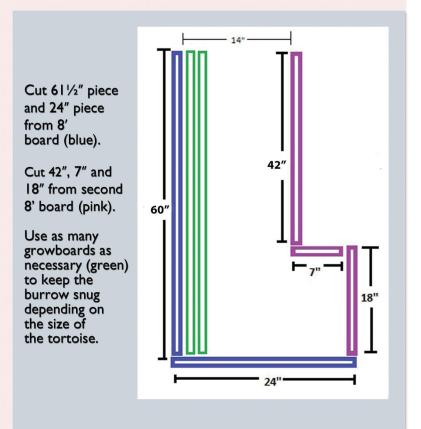
31/2 tons dirt/chat/reject sand

More $2'' \times 10'' \times 6'$ growboards may be needed to make burrow snug Approximate cost \$75 (plus \$110 for $3\frac{1}{2}$ tons of dirt/chat/reject sand, delivered)



CUTTING

Cut the $4' \times 8'$ plywood sheet according to the diagram above.



NOTE: Diagrams are not to scale.

Please see other side for assembly

Aboveground Burrow Assembly

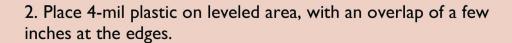
NOTE: There should be no gaps in between any pieces of wood where a tortoise's nails could get caught.

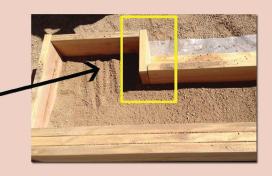
Ground preparation:

Level or raise a $5'6'' \times 2'6''$ area of ground area by 2 or 3 inches.

I. Assemble frame using 3 screws per joint.

NOTE: Assemble according to photo to ensure tortoise does not catch nails in any joints when turning around.







- 3. Secure frame to bottom sheet $(5' 1\frac{1}{2}" \times 2')$ of plywood with a screw every 8-12" from the outside.
- 4. Size the channel to your tortoise with $2'' \times 10'' \times 5'$ growboards.

Add sifted dirt to the channel to ensure a snug, but not tight, fit. (See chart on Making Your Burrow Snug sheet.)



If you are adopting from Tortoise Group, call us to come out for an inspection at this point!

- 5. Attach plywood top, placing screws every 8-12". Make sure screws do not stick inside burrow or into growboards. Place half-sized cinder blocks on top to hold dirt.
- The top is longer to prevent rain entering the burrow.
- 6. Mound 3½ tons of sifted dirt, chat or reject sand on top of the burrow to create a gentle slope. Add small boulders, flagstone, or bricks to entrance to hold back dirt.



Do not use glue or paint in the burrow, as the fumes are toxic to tortoises.